



Creating a Model for Systemic Change: The ASD Early STEP Project

Shannon Haworth, MA, Donna Gilles, Ed.D., Deana Buck, MA, Parthy Dinora, Ph.D., Dana Yarbrough, MA
Partnership for People with Disabilities

Introduction

Children and youth with Autism Spectrum Disorders and other developmental disabilities (ASD/DD) in Virginia and their families face significant challenges in accessing family focused, culturally competent, affordable coordinated health care, early intervention, and education:

- too few professionals trained in the use of evidence-based practices in screening and diagnosis;
- too many gaps in availability and quality of screening, diagnosis, and intervention services for children with ASD/DD and their families;
- too high an average age of 6-7 years old for diagnosis;
- too much variation between localities in access to trained, qualified personnel, and family support services.

There is a need to have proven, evidence-based practices inform policy and be replicated statewide.

Methods

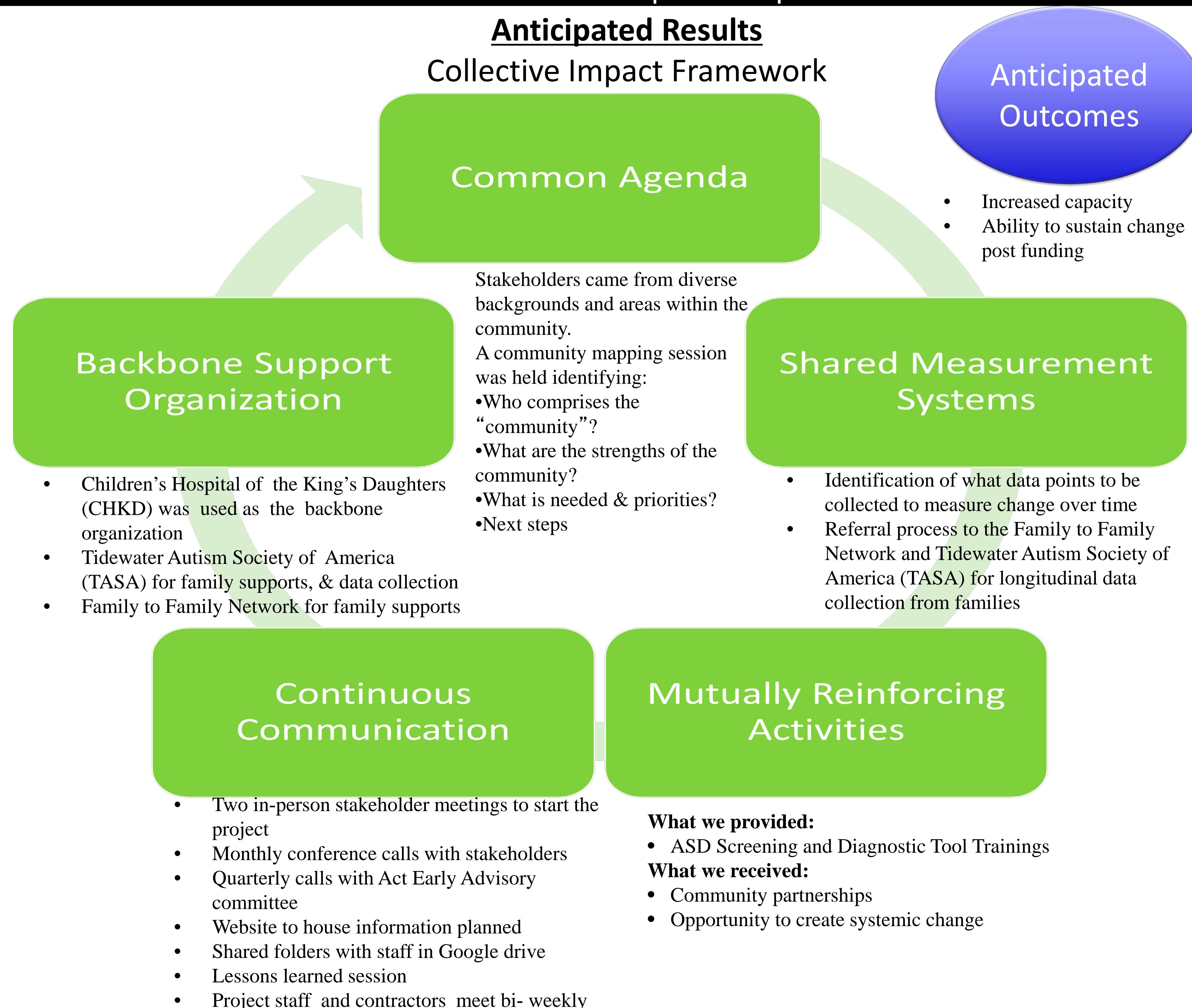
The Autism Spectrum Disorder Screening and Diagnosis: Early Systematic Training in Effective Practices (ASD Early STEP) project uses a **collective impact framework** to create a model for systemic change that includes training on valid screening, and diagnostic tools for professionals, as well as providing resources and supports for families. The project will partner with 3 communities in Virginia. The first site consists of the area around Norfolk (Seven Cities/Tidewater area).

Training Model Components:

1. A community mapping session identifies the needs of the community.
2. Training in standardized screening and diagnostic tools will a) increase the number of qualified professionals who can use standardized tools to screen and diagnose; b) increase screening by 24 months, and c) increase diagnosis of ASD by 36 months.
3. Monthly stakeholder meetings increase the trust and partnership between stakeholders and project team.
4. Resources and supports provided for families throughout the process.
5. Data collection will determine the impact on the number and ages of children screened and diagnosed with ASD/DD in the communities

Anticipated Results

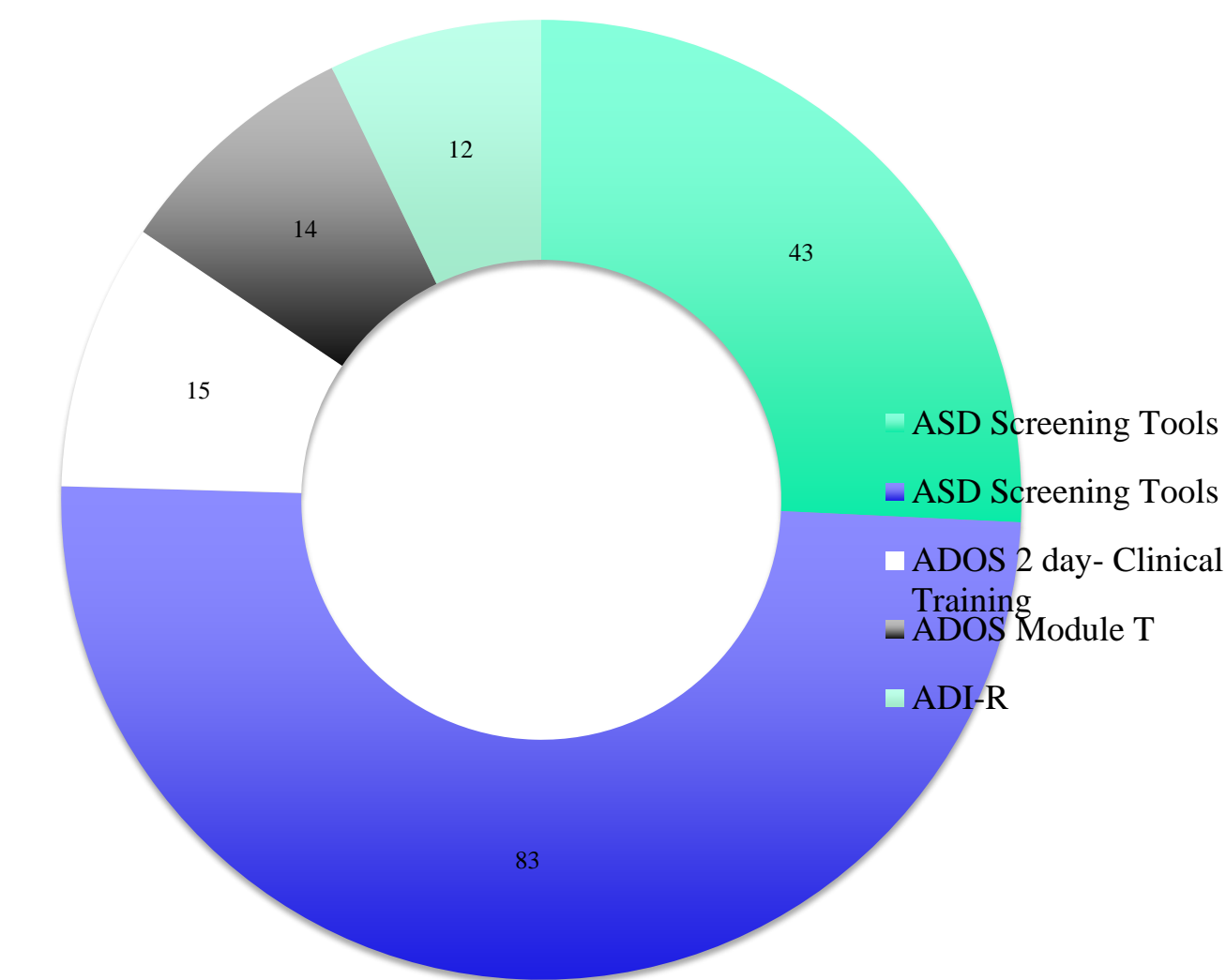
Collective Impact Framework



Conclusion

The Norfolk community and ASD Early STEP had a common agenda: increase capacity to screen and diagnose, and decrease the age for screening and diagnosis of autism for children.

Using a collective impact framework, we are able to provide trainings and family supports that promise to increase the number of trained providers in the area, and provide families the needed supports throughout the screening and diagnostic processes and beyond



NEXT STEPS

- Additional trainings to be completed in the Norfolk area during Year 1 of the grant. Year 2 we will return to Norfolk for additional screening trainings
- Apply the model to the second site which is the area around Roanoke, VA
- Determine a third site by sending a survey to stakeholders statewide
- Continuous data collection through training evaluations, follow-up surveys, and the Family to Family Referral and TASA Referral Process