



VANDERBILT KENNEDY CENTER
FOR RESEARCH ON HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Recent Discoveries in Autism and other Neurodevelopmental Disorders

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Director, Vanderbilt Kennedy Center
Annette Schaffer Eskind Chair
Professor of Pharmacology



Translating Research to Practice – IDDRCs Set the Agenda



Nature (gene) ~~versus~~ Nurture (environment)



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Research Informs The Way That We Intervene





Science & Health

Does Watching TV Cause Autism?

Viewpoint: Childhood vaccines, toxins, genes and now television watching? The alarming rise in autism rates is one of the biggest mysteries of modern medicine, but it's irresponsible to blame one factor without hard scientific proof

By CLAUDIA WALLIS





Genetic syndromes (typically rare)... discoveries that are not just academic exercises

- Fragile X (FRM1)^{***}
- Rett Syndrome (MeCP2)⁺⁺⁺⁺⁺
- Angelman Syndrome (Ube3a)⁺⁺⁺⁺⁺
- Tuberous Sclerosis (TSC1,2)^{***}
- Timothy Syndrome (Ca_v1.2)
- Smith-Lemli Opitz (Dhcr7)⁺⁺⁺⁺⁺
- Neurofibromatosis (NF1, NF2)^{***}

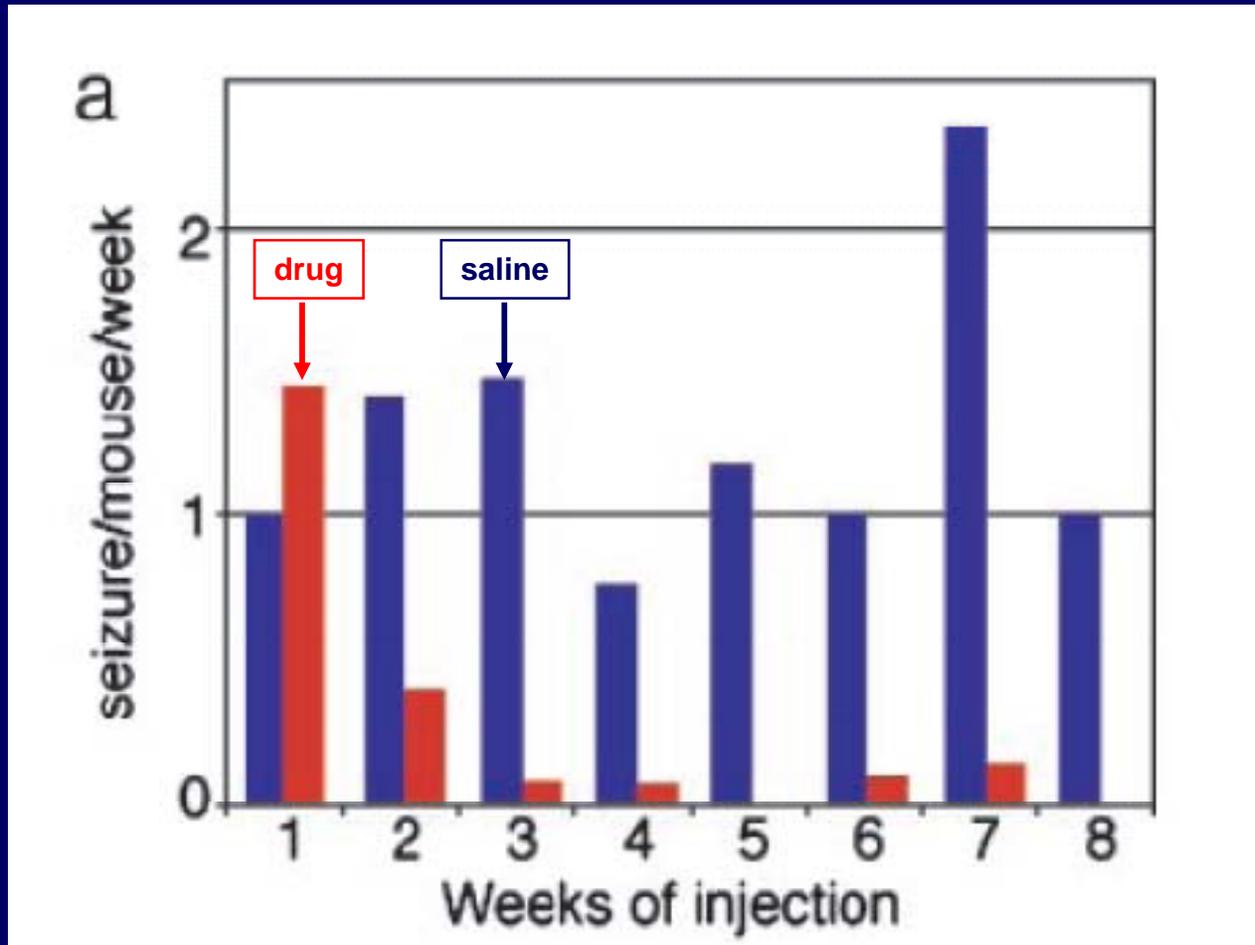


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**Gene discoveries have led to strategies
to prevent or even reverse clinical
syndromes in animal models**

.....and now clinical trials are underway

Drug eliminates seizures in Tuberosus Sclerosis Model

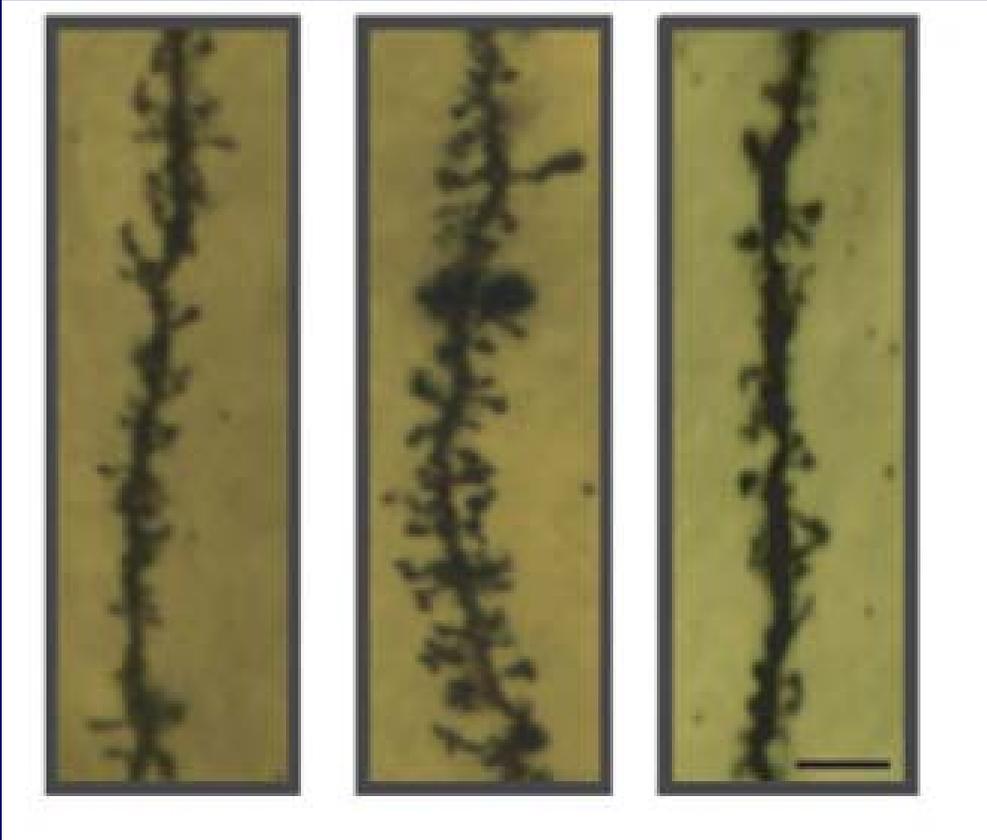


Drug Corrects Brain Architecture Due to Fragile X Mutation

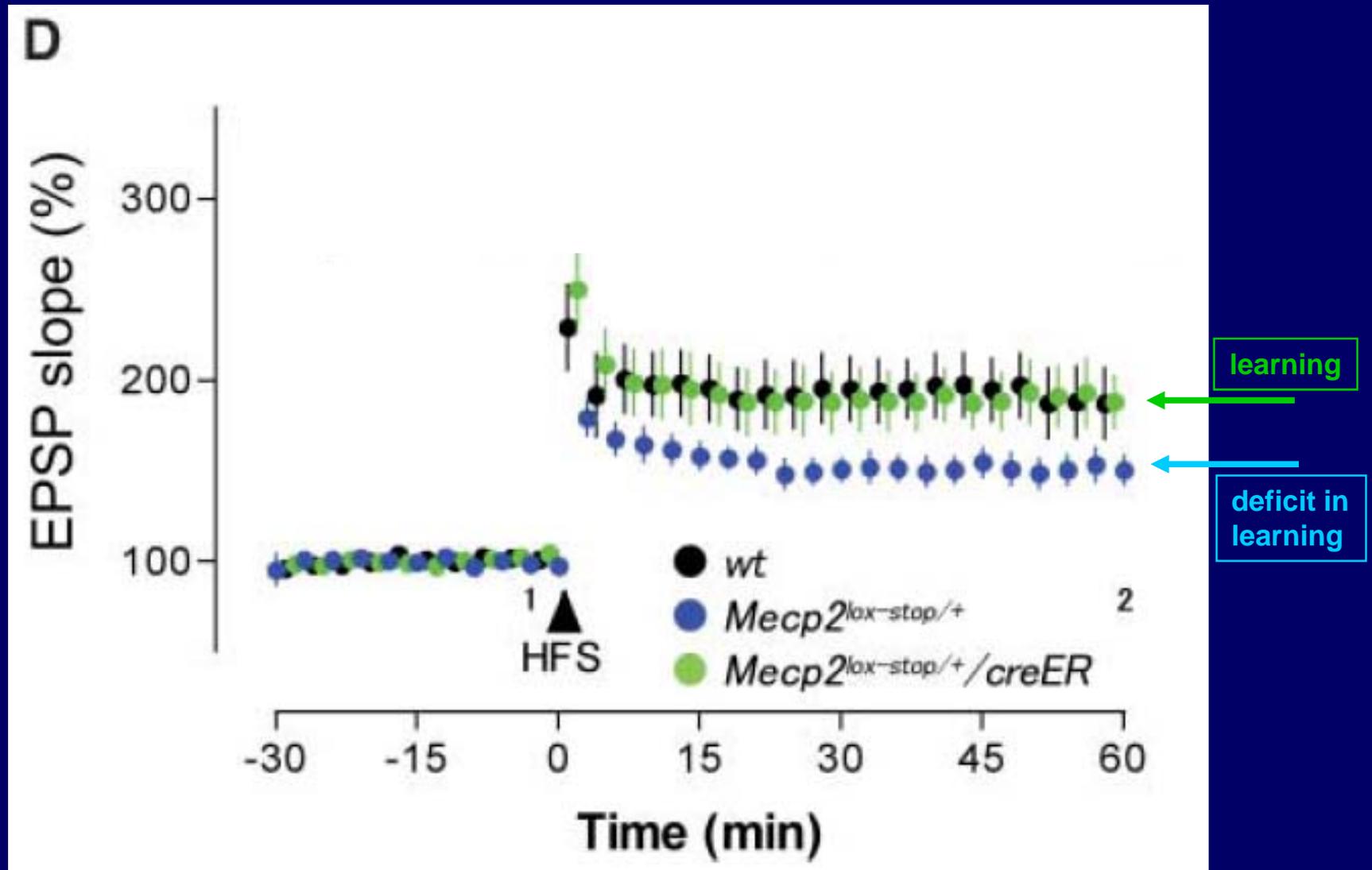
Typical

Fragile X

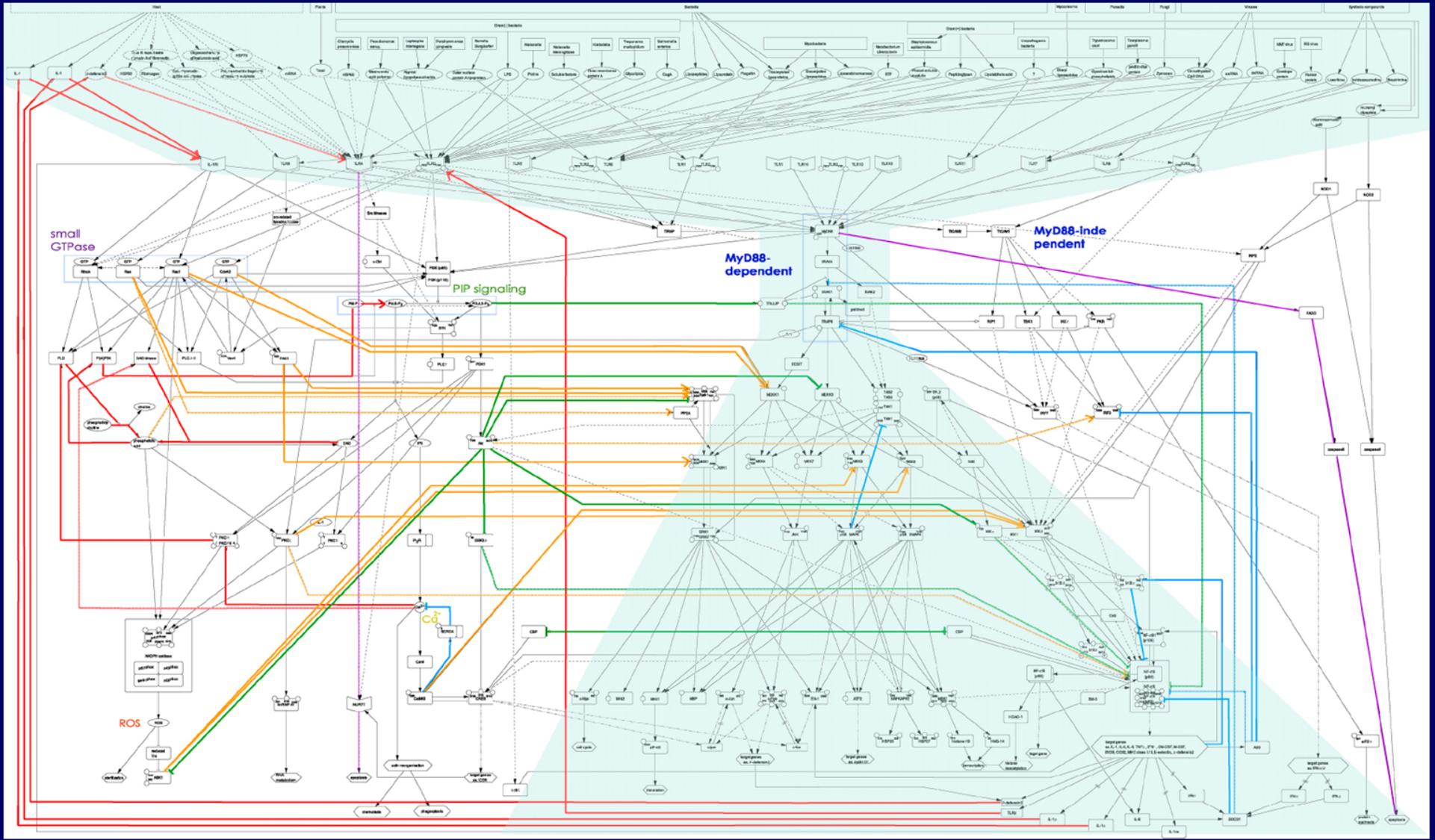
Rescue



Reversing Cognitive Impairment in Adult Mice with Rett Syndrome



Discoveries about rare disorders have led the way to a new understanding of brain and molecular architecture



Look familiar?



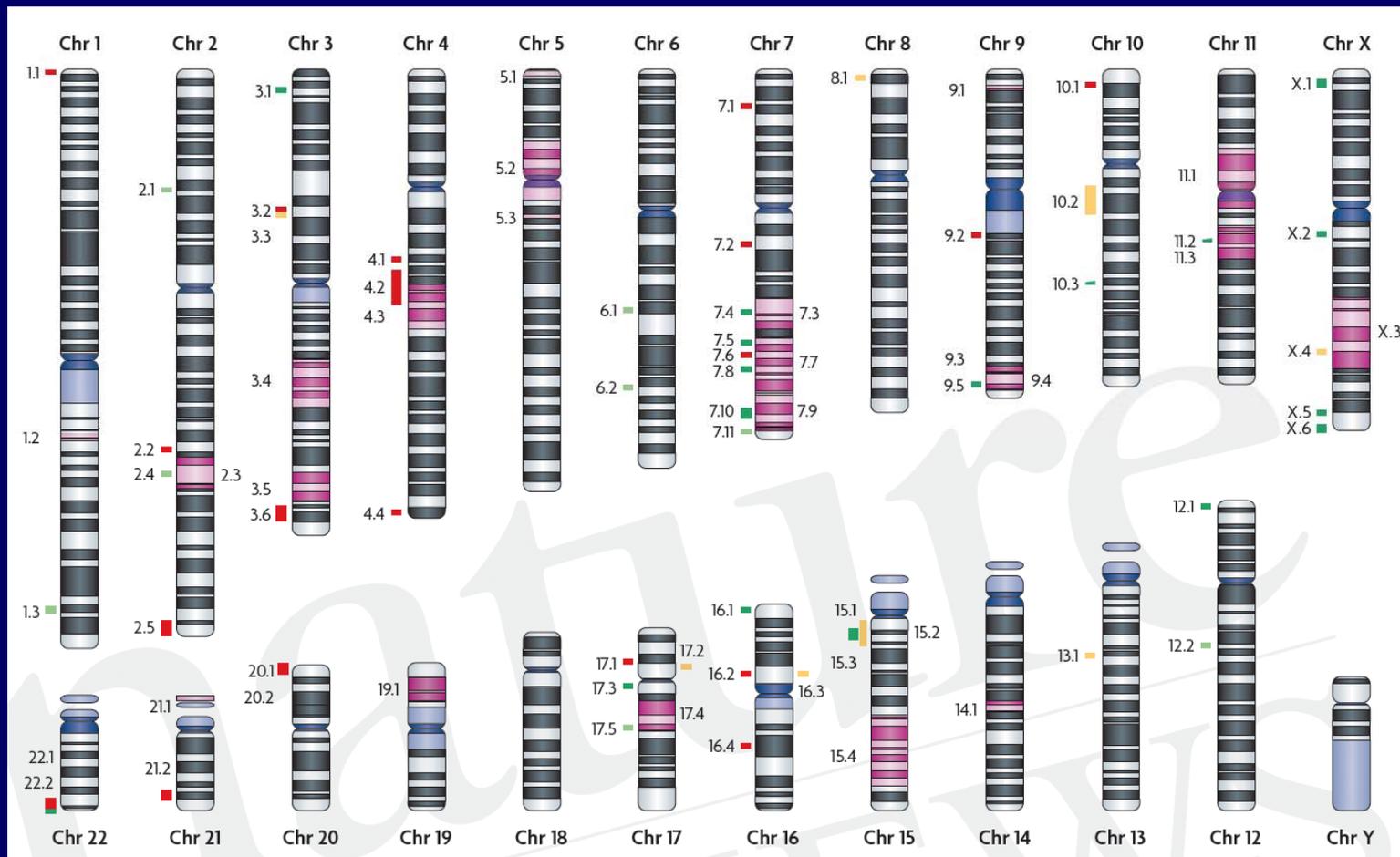
The Autisms are Common (1 in 90 boys; 1 in 150 overall)...

.....and complex

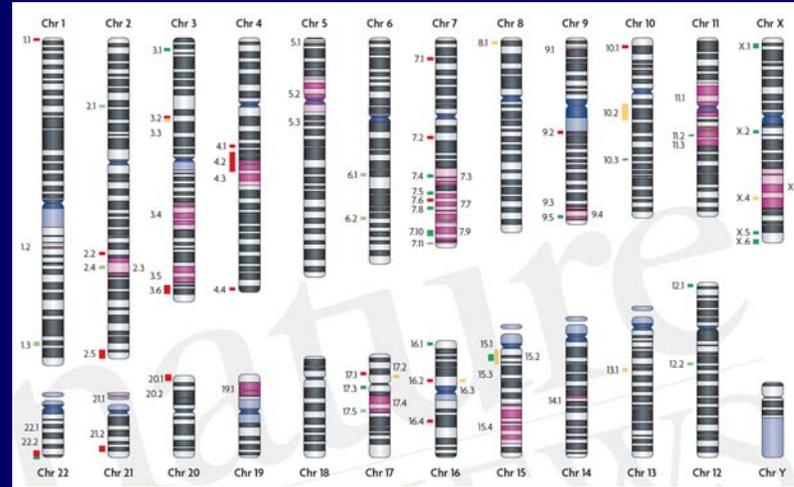
- Heterogeneity in core symptoms
- Major differences in developmental course
- Variation in co-occurring conditions
(e.g. anxiety, thought disorder, aggression, self-injury, epilepsy, sleep, gastro-intestinal, immune)
- Wide range in responsiveness to treatments



Risk for the autisms may lie with dozens of genes and environmental factors



Discoveries Driven by Genome Consortia of Dozens of Collaborative Scientists, Many at IDDRCs



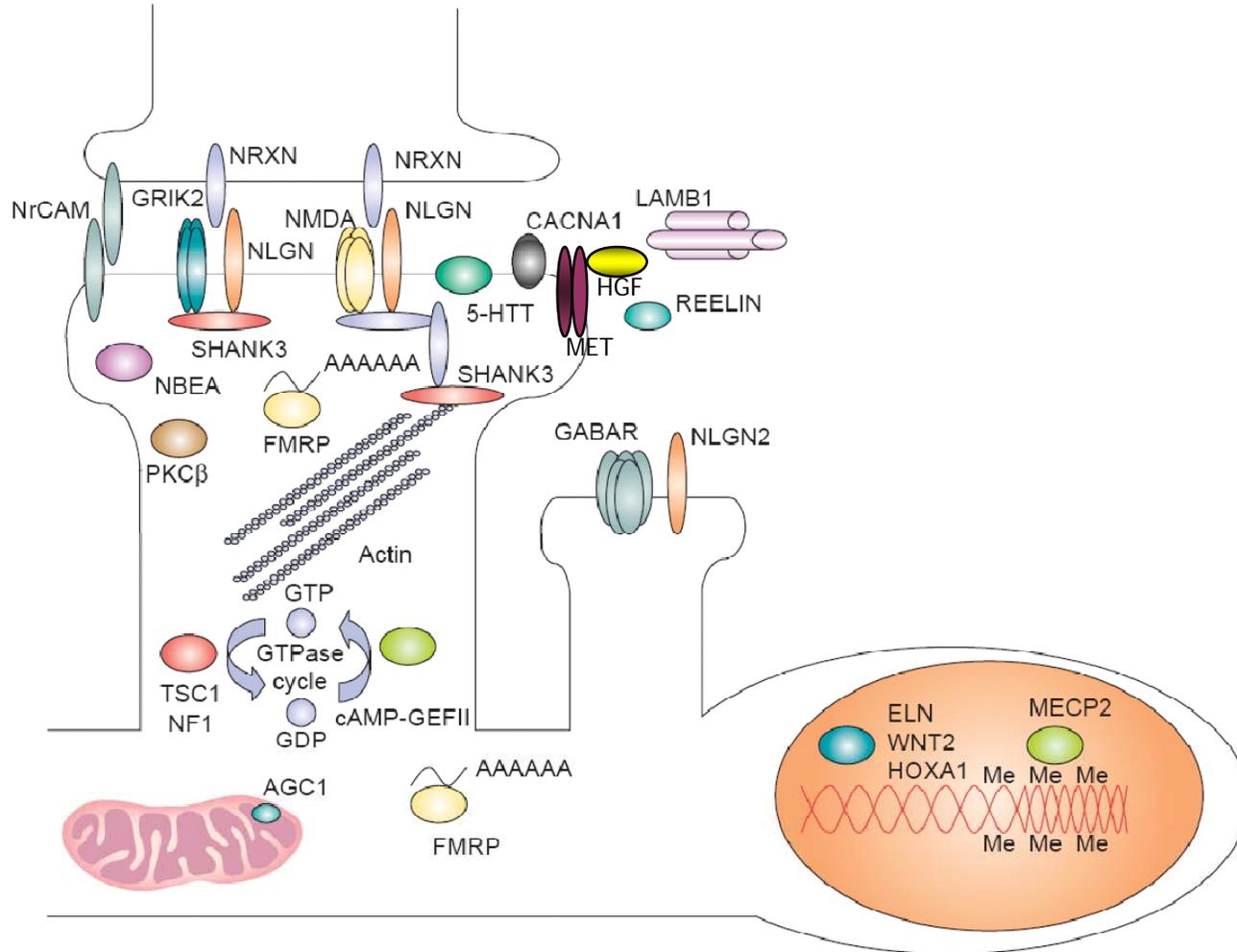
AGRE

Simons Simplex

AGP

Boston Autism Consortium

Genetic Risk Involves Networks that Control Architecture and Communication – the Synapse



Contributions to Atypical Brain Architecture and Chemistry in the autisms

- How much of the risk is due to direct impact of gene mutations on brain development?
- How much of the risk is due to direct impact of gene mutations on parallel developing organ systems (e.g. brain & gut/immune)?
- How much of the risk is due to genetically established sensitivities to environmental factors?
- How much of the heterogeneity of clinical symptoms of children with ASD are influenced through an interplay of genetic and environmental factors?

Genome Analysis

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graph TD; A[Genome Analysis] --> B[Define Association of Risk Genes with Disorder]; B --> C[Define Disorder-Related Variations in Sequence of Risk Genes]; C --> D[Determine Biological Implications of Variations]; D --> E[Determine Influence of Variations on Disorder Phenotypes]; E --> F[Evaluate Usefulness of Variations in Diagnosis/Treatment Design];
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Define Association of Risk Genes with Disorder



Define Disorder-Related Variations in Sequence of Risk Genes



Determine Biological Implications of Variations



Determine Influence of Variations on Disorder Phenotypes



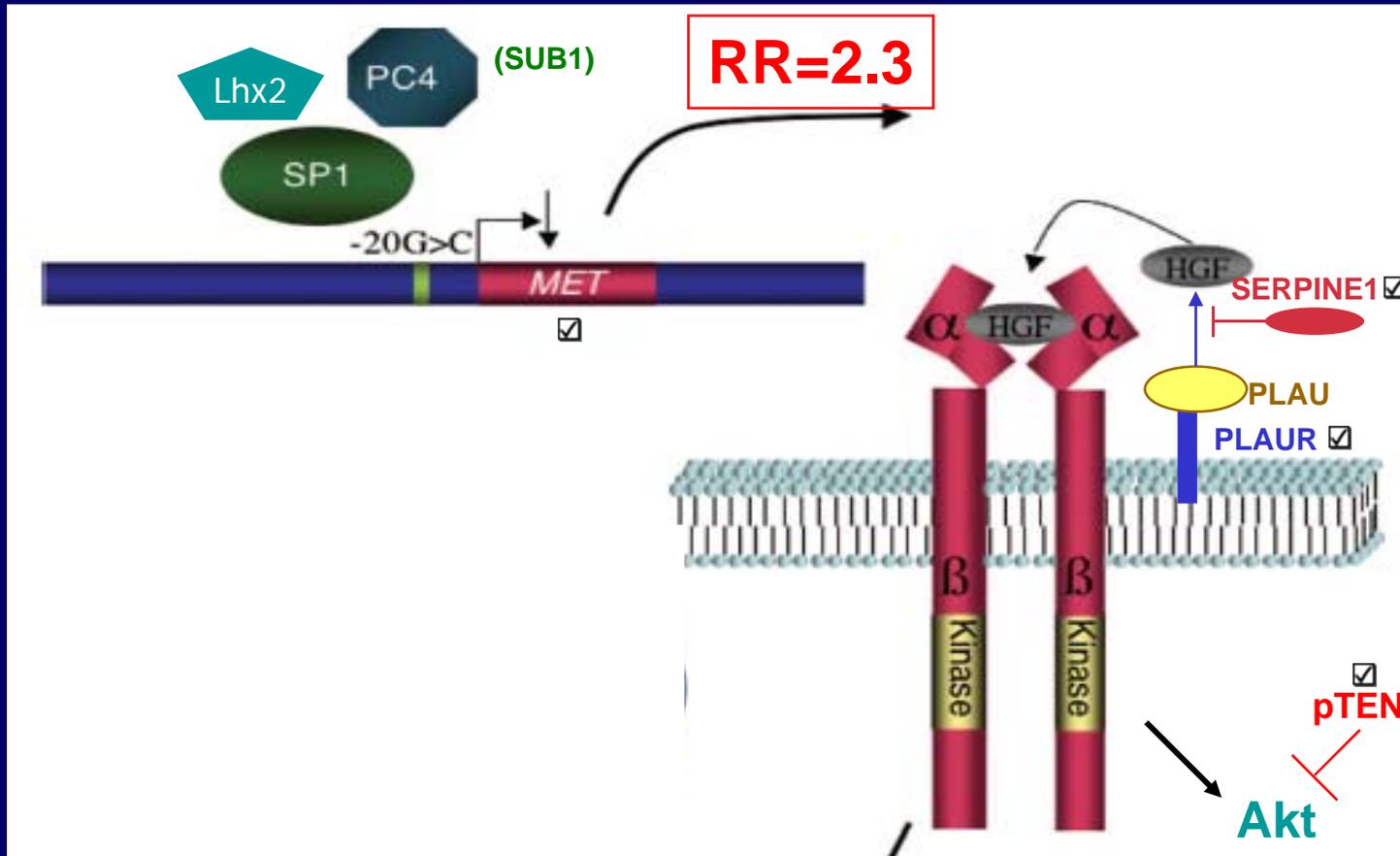
Evaluate Usefulness of Variations in Diagnosis/Treatment Design



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**IDDRC approach - Use a basic
understanding of development/clinical
medicine to design studies of integrative
ASD systems genetics**

Genetic Findings in the Met/PI3K Signaling Pathway



IDDRC Leading the Way: Cozzarrelli Prize for Outstanding Biomedical Science Paper



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**Genetic studies can help us
identify unique types of
autisms for better diagnosis
and treatments.**



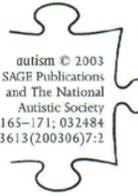
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**– a side to the autisms about which
many in health care, policy and the
public do not know**

Prevalence of chronic gastrointestinal symptoms in children with autism and autistic spectrum disorders

CYNTHIA A. MOLLOY Cincinnati Children's Hospital, USA
PATRICIA MANNING-COURTNEY
Cincinnati Children's Hospital, USA

autism © 2003
SAGE Publications
and The National
Autistic Society
Vol 7(2) 165-171; 032484
1362-3613(200306)7:2



PEDIATRICS®

Constipation With Acquired Megarectum in Children With Autism
Nadeem Afzal, Simon Murch, Kumran Thirupathy, Leslie Berger, Andrew Fagbemi
and Robert Heuschkel
Pediatrics 2003;112:939-942

0196-206X/06/2702-0128
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Frequency of Gastrointestinal Symptoms in Children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders and Association with Family History of Autoimmune Disease

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ORIGINAL ARTICLES

THE JOURNAL OF PEDIATRICS
NOVEMBER 1999

Gastrointestinal abnormalities in children with autistic disorder

Karoly Horvath, MD, PhD, John C. Papadimitriou, MD, PhD, Anna Rabsztyrn, Cinthia Drachenberg, MD, and J. Tyson Tildon, PhD

BMJ Relation of childhood gastrointestinal disorders to autism: nested case-control study using data from the UK General Practice Research Database

Corri Black, James A Kaye and Hershel Jick

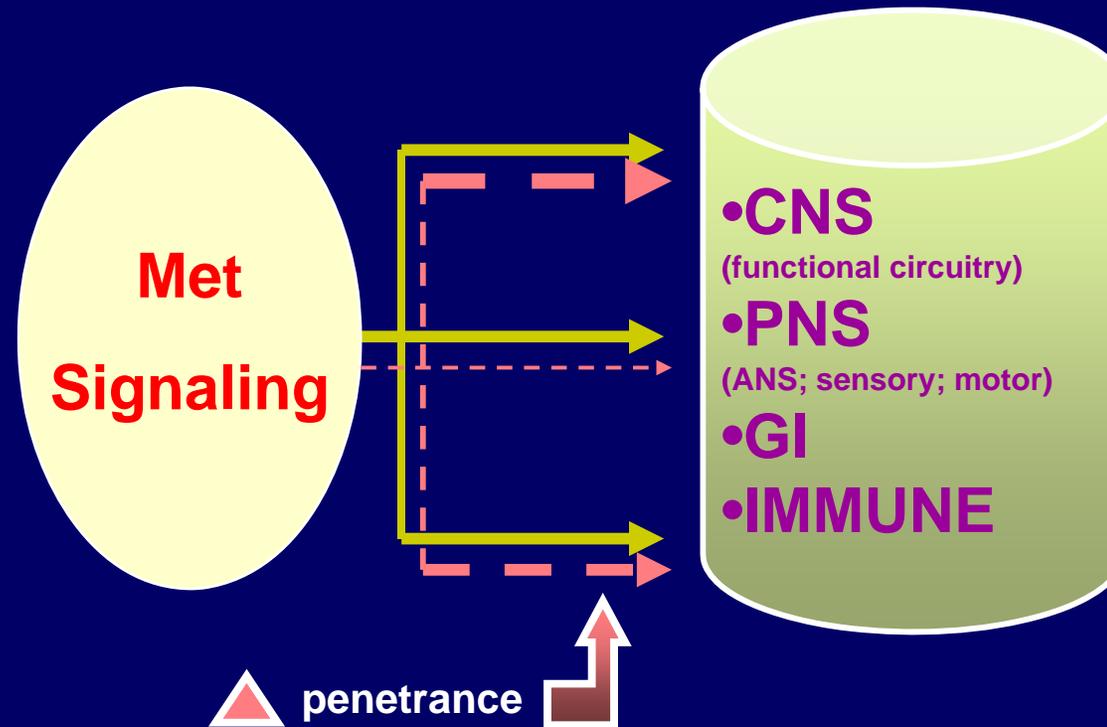
BMJ 2002;325:419-421
doi:10.1136/bmj.325.7361.419

Journal of Autism and Developmental Disorders, Vol. 35, No. 6, December 2005 (© 2005)
DOI 10.1007/s10803-005-0019-4

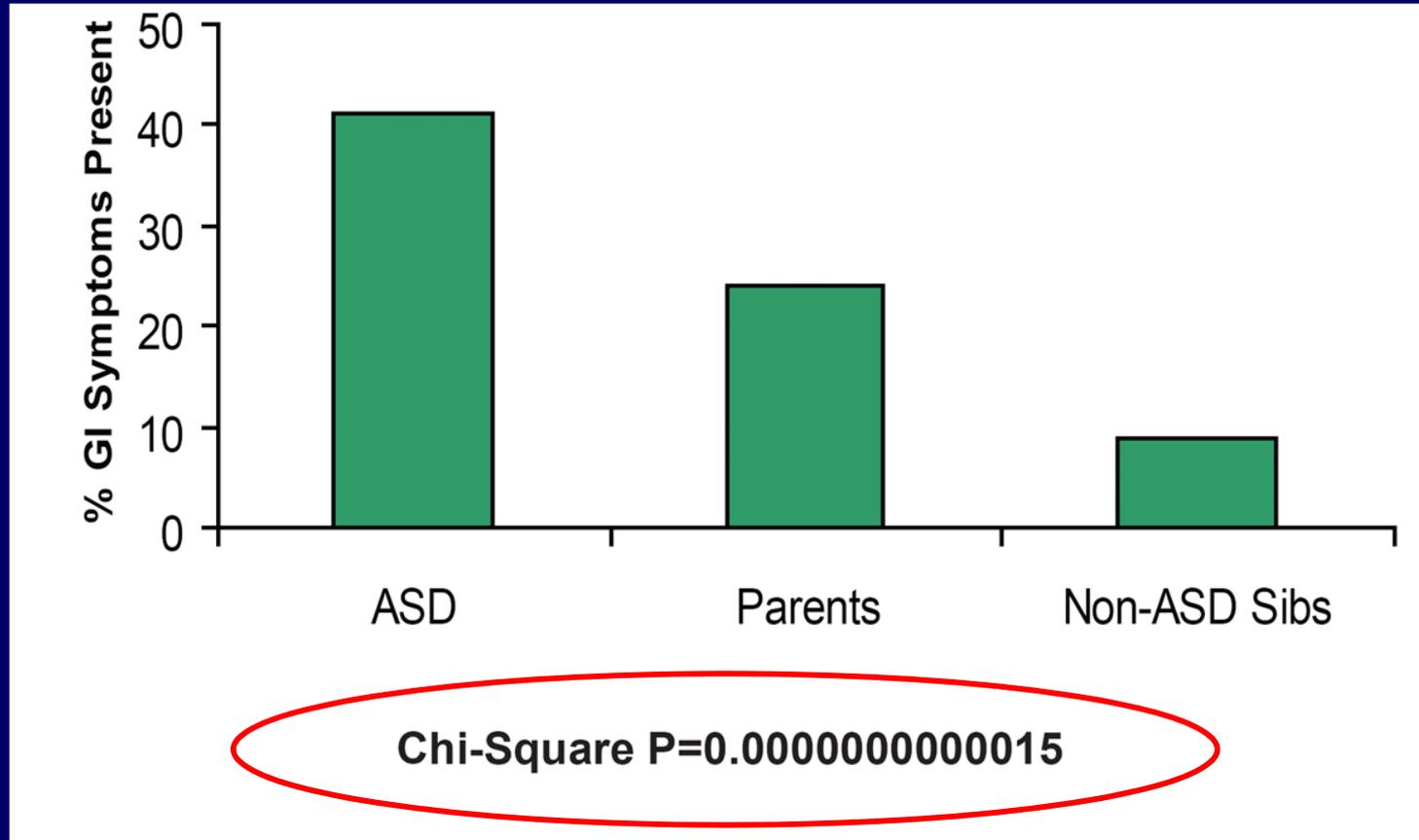
Gastrointestinal Factors in Autistic Disorder: A Critical Review

Craig A. Erickson,¹⁻³ Kimberly A. Stigler,¹⁻³ Mark R. Corkins,^{2,3} David J. Posey,^{1,3} Joseph F. Fitzgerald,^{2,3} and Christopher J. McDougle¹⁻⁴

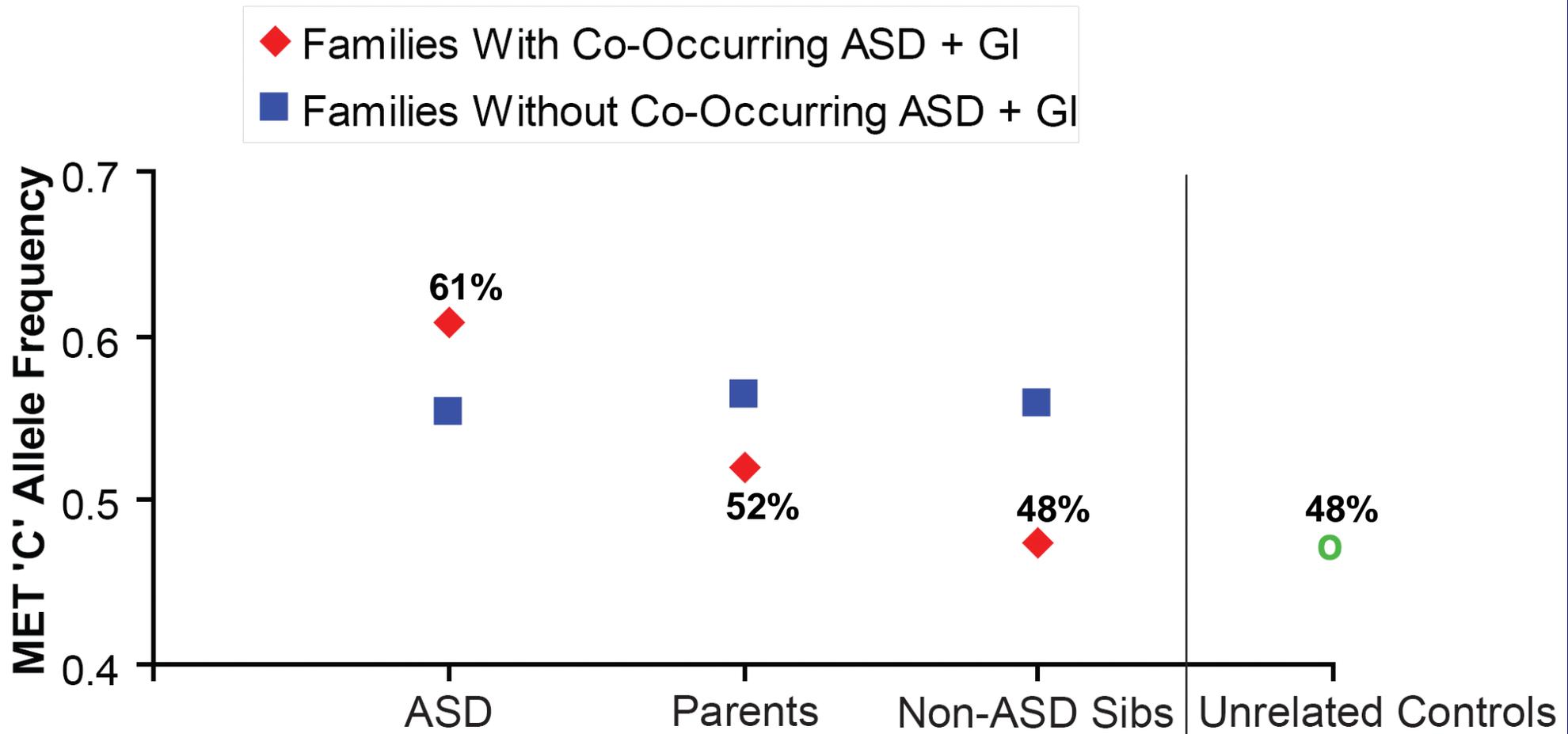
Gene Networks Are Functionally Diverse - Parallel Developmental Influences



Presence of GI symptoms in genetic sample of 214 families



MET risk 'C' allele is over-represented in co-occurring ASD + GI





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Why does this discovery matter?

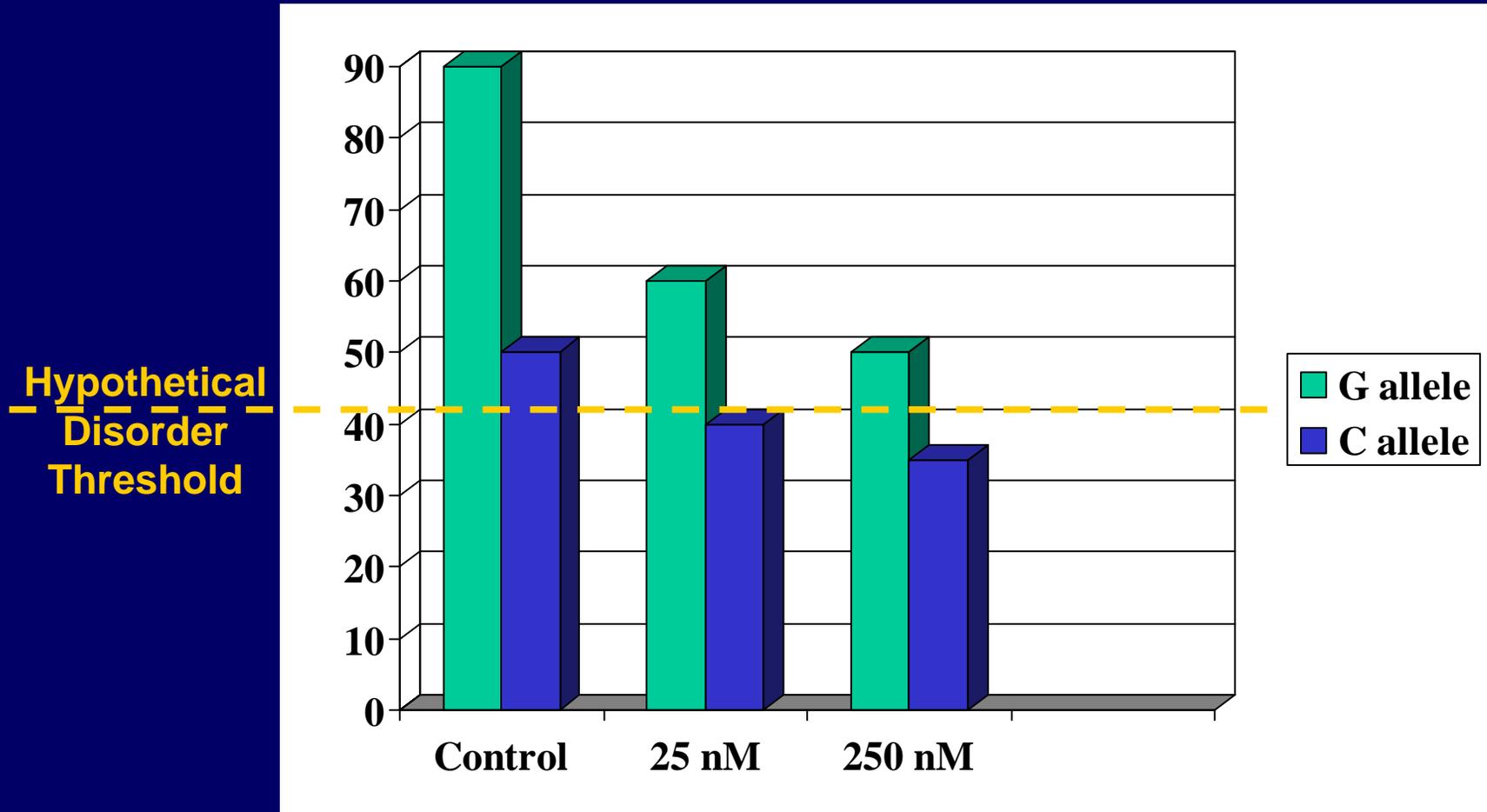
Billions of dollars annually that are currently being spent by families can be channeled to treatments that make sense based on the science.



- How much of the risk is due to direct impact of mutations on brain development?
- How much of the risk is due to direct impact of mutations on peripheral functions that influence brain development?
- How much of the risk is due to genetically established sensitivities to environmental perturbations?
- How much of the phenotypic heterogeneity of individuals with ASD are influenced combinatorially through genetic and/or environmental factors?

Genetic Vulnerability & Environmental Risk

Benzo-a-pyrene Impact on *MET* Gene Transcription



[BaP]

Campbell, Hood and Levitt, unpublished



**NY Times - CLAUDIA DREIFUS - A Conversation
With Arno Motulsky Father of Pharmacogenomics**

APR. 29, 2008

A Genetics Pioneer Sees a Bright Future, Cautiously

“Q. WHAT’S THE POINT OF KNOWING THIS?

A. It’s exciting to learn that because of heredity, different people can see the same thing differently. I think this may prove useful in studying more complex brain functions. If this were 20 years ago, I’d focus on neurogenetics. What’s going on in the brain, that’s the last frontier.”



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We are moving from *'what it isn't'* to
'what it is' !!!!

